

Rise and Fall of Spanish Power Bell Work

Directions: In the part of your notebook where you keep vocab, decide whether each event caused an increase or decrease in the power of Philip II and Spain.

Events:

1. Decline of Feudalism: Local rulers became weak allowing for the rise of monarchs
2. Colonial Wealth: By 1600 American mines had supplied Spain with an estimated 339,000 pounds of Gold. 1550-1650, approximately 16,000 tons of silver Bullion were unloaded from Spanish galleons, or ships.
3. Religious Conflicts: Philip II defended Catholicism against the Muslims and Protestants. He sent the Spanish Armada, upon the call of the pope, to punish Protestant England.
4. Inflation: Severe decline of in the value of Spanish money, plus a rise in the prices of goods and services.
5. Taxes: Spain's nobles didn't have to pay taxes. The burden fell on the lower classes to pay this, which never allowed for a middle class to develop.
6. Enemies: Spanish guilds caused the price of Spanish made goods to increase. Therefore, Spanish citizens began to buy their goods from other nations.
7. The Dutch: The Spanish Netherlands, who were predominantly Calvinist, did not agree with Spanish Catholic rule. Philip II raised taxes in the Netherlands and tried to crush Protestantism, causing a Dutch rebellion. After 11 years of fighting, the Spanish Netherlands declared their independence from Spain.

- Based on your responses, make a prediction for the end of class today:
 - Will we see Spain maintain their great wealth and power or will their status decline?



SPAIN

SPANISH MONARCHS

- ◉ Charles V
- ◉ Philip II

- ◉ Make a running list in your vocab so that you can keep all the names organized

CHARLES V

- ◉ Next monarch of Spain after Isabella and Ferdinand
- ◉ Lands too scattered for one person to rule
- ◉ Retired and divided empire
 - Brother Ferdinand gets Austria/Holy Roman Empire (Central Europe)
 - Son Philip II gets Spain/Spanish Netherlands/American colonies

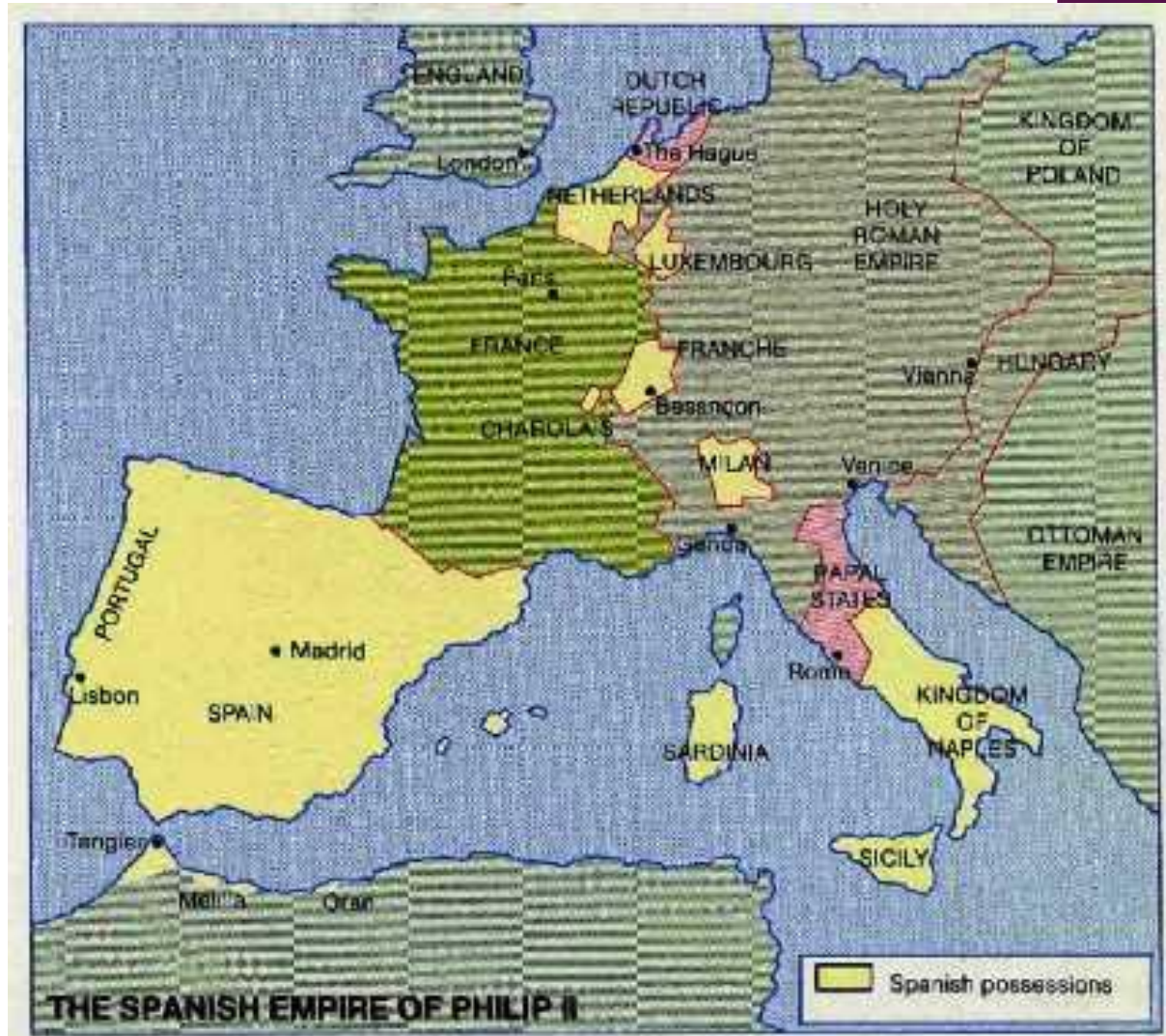




*Philip
II
of
Spain*

Philip II's Empire

- Spain
- Spanish Netherlands
- American colonies
- Portugal
- Portuguese colonies in Africa, India, and East Indies.



El Escorial





PHILIP II (1556-1598)

- ◉ Wanted to increase Hapsburg power throughout Europe
- ◉ Cautious, suspicious, shy, hardworking
- ◉ Vast empire provided Spain with incredible wealth

PHILIP II - LEADING DEFENDER OF FAITH

- Believed it was his duty to defend Catholicism against Muslims and Protestants
- Defeated Muslim Ottoman fleet, then turns effort to Protestant England
 - Elizabeth had supported protestants that had rebelled against Philip II.
- Spanish Armada defeated by England
 - Weakened Spain but still very wealthy
- But how Elizabeth I do it??





HOW ELIZABETH I DID IT

- 1588 Philip II sent 130 ships carrying 19,000 soldiers
- English warships out maneuvered the Spanish and bombarded their ships with long range cannons.



HOW ELIZABETH I DID IT

- Unconventional tactics:
 - Set on fire ships filled with explosives with no crew and use the wind and currents to ram the Spanish Armada
 - Spanish Armada were in tight formation for protection.
 - Problem? Slow moving.





FATE OF THE ARMADA

- ◎ The flag ship of the Spanish Armada, the San Martin, reached Spain on 23rd September 1588.
- ◎ The ships of the Armada that managed to stay with the San Martin in the Atlantic and made it into safe harbours were in a poor state.



FATE OF THE ARMADA

- Nearly all the ships were damaged
 - a result of the sea battles in the English Channel
 - the rough passage around Scotland and the storms in the Atlantic Ocean.
- A large number of men on the ships that reached Spain were very sick or weak from hunger or thirst.
 - Weeks that followed → many of the soldiers and sailors were to die of wounds, disease and exhaustion.

SPAIN'S EMPIRE WEAKENS

◎ Economic Decline

- Costly wars drain treasury
- Severe Inflation
- Tax burden falls on lower class

◎ Industry declines

◎ War with Spanish Netherlands

- Northern provinces declare independence from Spain

EXIT/REVIEW

- Who was Charles V?
 - Who and what areas did he give up his power to?
- What occurred in Portugal that allowed Phillip II to take over?
 - How was he able to take over?
- How did Elizabeth defeat the Spanish Armada?
 - What unconventional tactics did she use?