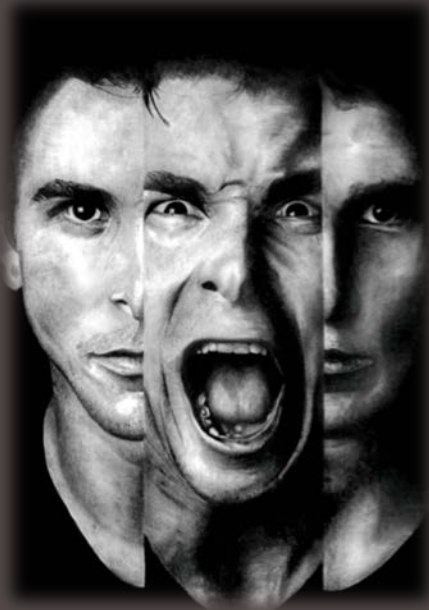




# SCHIZOPHRENIA

Involves  
disordered  
thoughts.



# SCHIZOPHRENIA

- Involves confused and disordered thoughts and perceptions. Lost contact with reality.
- May experience...(5 symptoms)
  - Delusions: false beliefs maintained in the face of contrary evidence.
  - Hallucinations: perceptions in the absence of corresponding sensation.
  - Disturbances of Affect: emotions that are inappropriate for the circumstances
  - Deterioration in normal movement
  - Decline in previous levels of functioning
  - Diverted attention

# TYPES OF SCHIZOPHRENIA

- **Paranoid Type**
  - Involves complex hallucinations and delusions
- **Catatonic Type**
  - Motionless for long period of time, possible auditory and/or visual hallucinations
- **Disorganized Type**
  - Incoherent language, inappropriate emotions
- **Remission Type**
  - Symptoms are gone/or may still be there, but not significant
- **Undifferentiated Type**
  - Encompasses all, deterioration of daily functioning, hallucinations, delusions, inappropriate emotions and thought disorders.

# CAUSES OF SCHIZOPHRENIA

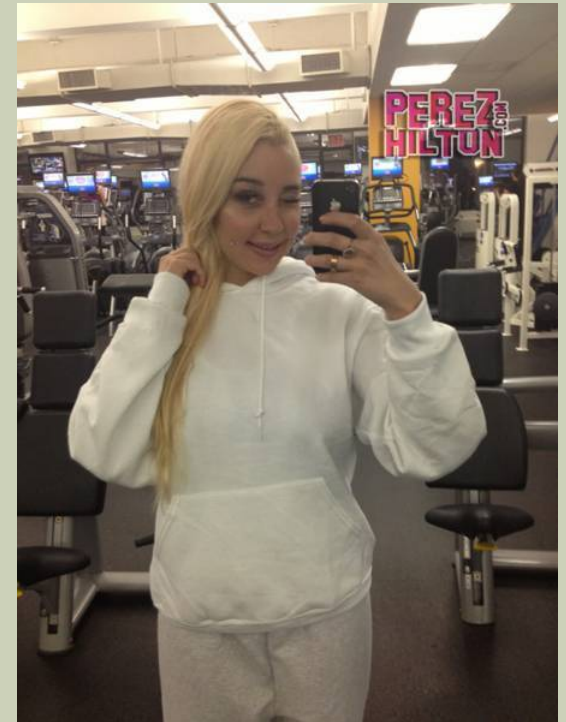
- **Biological Influences**
  - Genetics
  - Epigenetic (factors that affect a cell, but not DNA)
  - Environmental Factors
- **Biochemistry and Physiology**
  - Chemical imbalances in brain
- **Family and interaction**
  - Being a part of unhealthy family may contribute to the problems.
  - Diathesis-stress hypothesis: individual may have inherited a predisposition toward Schizophrenia. But, for Schizophrenia to develop they must be exposed to an environment with certain stressors.

# IN THE NEWS?


## ■ Amanda Bynes- 2011



## ■ Amanda Bynes- Now



PLEASE CLOSE YOUR EYES...



## Audio Representation of Auditory Hallucinations

Please use headphones to get the full effect of this presentation.



# PARANOID SCHIZOPHRENIA- JANI (10 YEARS OLD)



# PARANOID SCHIZOPHRENIA- ADULT





# CATATONIC SCHIZOPHRENIA

