

### **Nationalism** Rallying Around an Idea

# **Three Different Thoughts**

#### Conservatives

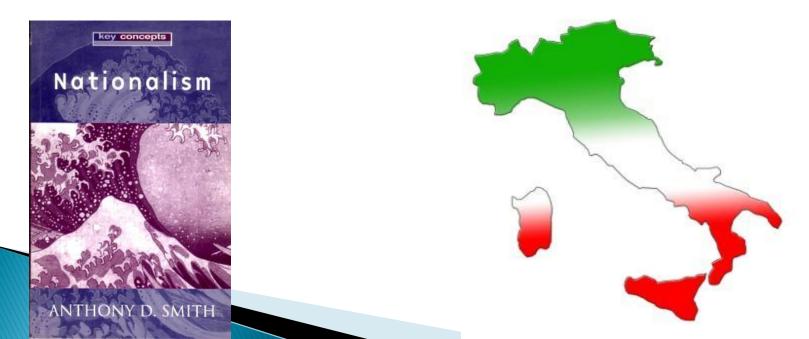
- Typically wealthy property owners
- Keep the monarchs in power!
- Liberal
  - Middle-class
  - Power to elect officials
  - ONLY the EDUCATED and LAND OWNERS could vote...

#### Radicals

- Democracy to ALL people
- Liberty, equality, brotherhood

# **Creating a Nation**

- Nationalism: Loyalty should belong to a nation of people who share a common culture and history
- Ideals led by the liberals and radicals
  - Teachers, lawyers, businesspeople, etc...



#### **Struggle with Conservatives**

#### Greeks go first

- 1827: Battle of Navarino (Brits, French, Russians v. Ottomans)
- 1830: Independent nation of Greece is formed

#### 1830's uprisings

- Liberals against conservatives
- Austrians crush Italians, Russians stop the Poles

#### 1848: Revolutions continue

- Across Europe, liberals cannot unite their causes
- Conservatives maintain control



#### **Radicals in France**

- 1848 (The time of Les Mis): Third Republic is formed
  - Radicals cannot unite!
  - Some want just political reform
  - Some want just social and economic reform
  - Constitution and strong president are adopted



# Napoleon 2.0

- Louis-Napoleon elected president
  - Napoleon's nephew!
- 1852: He becomes "Emperor Napoleon III"
  - Welcomed by the people
  - Brings peace and stability
  - Good leader—Railroads,
  - industrialization, public works



#### **Russians Reform**

- 1800's: Still have serfs in feudal system
  - Freeing serfs upsets landowners
  - Landowners keep the Czar in power...
  - Holds back economic progress
- Loss in the Crimean War brings about modernization
- Alexander II frees serfs...kinda
- Serf communities had 49 years to pay the government of the land



### **Unity or Disunity?**

Italy and Germany



### **New Nations**

- Nationalists are loyal to the people, not the kings
  - Unification
- Conservatives disagree
  - Disunity
  - Soon see that nationalism brings people together



# Empires Break Up

- Austria
  - Splits into Austria-Hungary (both under the same ruler)
  - Ethnic groups
  - Falls apart after WWI
- Russia
  - Many ethnic groups
  - Russification—forced Russian culture on all ethnicities
  - Strengthens factions—Falls apart after WWI
- Ottoman
  - Weakened by many ethnic groups
  - Falls apart after WWI



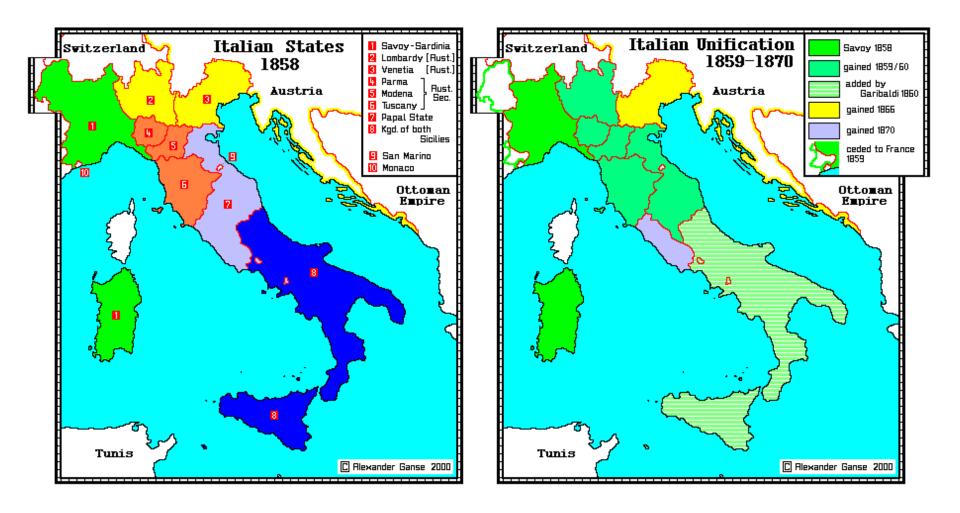
# Italy

#### In the North

- Sardinia's King, <u>Emmanuel II names Camillo di</u> <u>Cavour as Prime Minister</u>
- <u>1858: Cavour with Napoleon III kick Austrians out</u> of Northern Italy

#### In the South

- <u>Cavour helps start rebellions</u>
- <u>Giuseppe Garibaldi captures Sicily</u>
- Garibaldi and his troops start taking over pieces of the mainland
- North and South combine making Italy!
  - Emmanuel is the first ruler



### Germany

- Starts off with <u>39 German states</u>
- 1861: Wilhelm I takes the Prussian throne
- 1862: Conservative, <u>Otto von Bismarck</u> is Prime Minister
  - Realpolitik—The politics of reality
  - Forceful ruler
  - Did <u>not follow the rules of Parliament</u>
- 1864: Alliance with Austria
  - Prussia takes over parts of Denmark



# Germany

- 1866: Seven Weeks' War
  - Prussia v. Austria
  - Prussia wins
- 1870: Franco-Prussian War
  - <u>Prussia v. France</u>



- Bismarck manufactures an incident between kings
- Prussia attacks France
- <u>1871: All of Germany is united</u>
- King Wilhelm becomes "kaiser"
  - <u>Starts the 2<sup>nd</sup> Reich</u>—The first was the holy roman empire.

