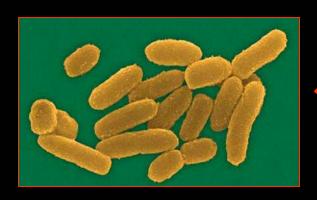




1347 - 1351

The Culprits

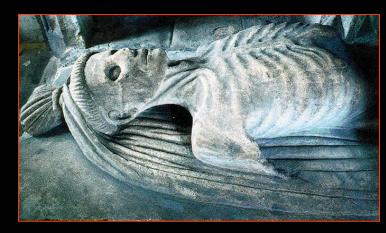




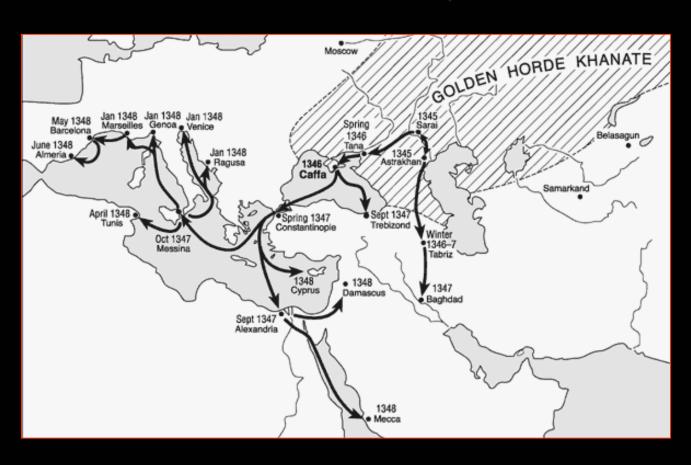


The Famine of 1315-1317

- By 1300 Europeans were farming almost all the land they could cultivate.
- A population crisis developed.
- Climate changes in Europe produced three years of crop failures between 1315-17 because of excessive rain.
- As many as 15% of the peasants in some
 - English villages died.
- One consequence of starvation & poverty was susceptibility to disease.



1347: Plague Reaches Constantinople!



The Symptoms



Bulbous

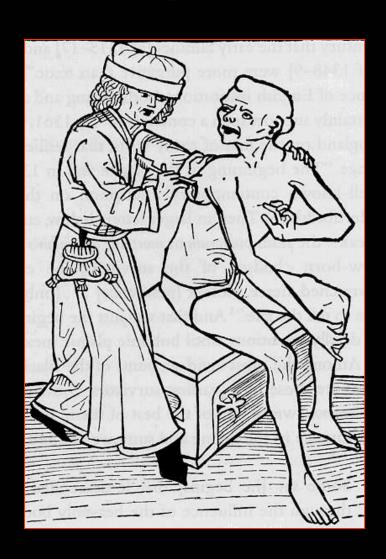
Septicemia Form:
almost 100%
mortality rate.



From the Toggenburg Bible, 1411



Lancing a Buboe



The Disease Cycle

Flea drinks rat blood that carries the bacteria.



Bacteria multiply in flea's gut.

Human is infected!



Flea bites human and regurgitates blood into human wound.



Flea's gut clogged with bacteria.

Medieval Art & the Plague



Bring out your dead!

Medieval Art & the Plague

An obsession with death.

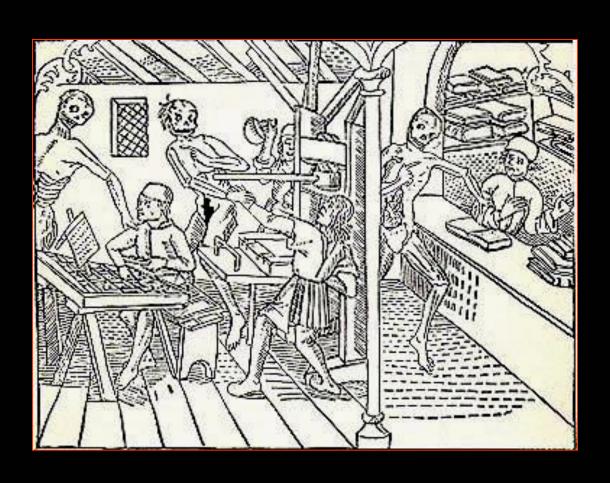


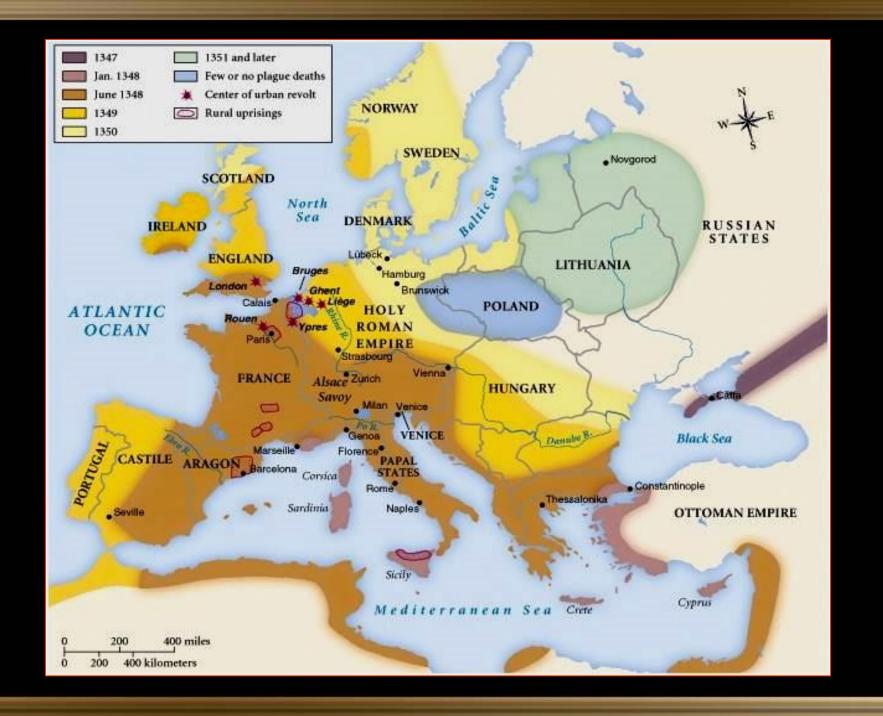


Boccaccio in The Decameron

The victims ate lunch with their friends and dinner with their ancestors.

The Danse Macabre





Attempts to Stop the Plague



A Doctor's Robe



"Leeching"

Aftempts to Stop the Plague



Flagellanti:

Self-inflicted "penance" for our sins!

Attempts to Stop the Plague

Pograms- violent massacre or persecution of an ethnic or religious group

August 1349, the Jewish community of Mainz and Cologne were exterminated.



"Jew" hat



"Golden Circle" obligatory badge

Death Triumphant!: A Major Artistic Theme



The Mortality Rate 35% - 70% depending on the Overall it killed 1/3 of Europe's population.

25,000,000 dead!!!

What were the polifical, economic, and social effects of the Black Death??

Political:

- Increase of urban and rural violence.
 - Peasants rebel
- 1358 in Jacquerie peasants lash out for two weeks and it takes ferocious attempts to finally control them.
- The Churches power was weakened.
 - The people criticized the religious officials who could not cure the plague and banish the disease.
- Increase of secular politicians
 - Secular: the state of being separate from religion.
 - Example: you go to a secular school.

Economic:

- Villages become abandoned.
- The peasants who are still alive get increased wages due to shortage of labor.
- Cheaper land prices

Social:

- Chaotic- the plague is viewed as God's judgment against the world.
- Overwhelming grief
- Increased social mobility
- Literature and art of the time reflected the death and grief that surrounded it.